

“Quantum of Solace: Saving the World with Quantum Computing”

Shion Ikehara



Do you often use a smartphone? Most people probably do. Virtual assistants like Siri and Alexa, as well as generative AI like Chat GPT, have become common and are supporting our daily lives in many ways. These examples demonstrate the increasing importance of computer processing power, as they allow us to interact with technology in natural language and complete tasks more efficiently. Computers need to operate quickly and efficiently while using minimal energy, as they form the backbone of many essential technologies in our modern world.

Significant efforts have been made to achieve the goal of fast and efficient computation, leading to substantial improvements in computer performance each year. However, these advances are approaching their limits. The demand for higher computer performance continues to rise, but the rate of progress is slowing down. How can we resolve this problem? The answer may be found in quantum computers, a new type of computing technology based on the principles of quantum mechanics.

Quantum computers have the potential to solve problems efficiently using minimal energy. They could bring major changes to many industries and technologies, making them an exciting area of research. Once realized, quantum computers could have significant applications in various fields such as optimization, pharmaceuticals, cryptography, artificial intelligence, finance, and so on. Their ability to perform complex calculations at extremely fast speeds can open up new possibilities in scientific research, allowing us to tackle previously unsolvable problems.

So, what are quantum computers? Quantum computers are special types of computers that operate using quantum mechanics, a branch of physics that deals with very small particles like atoms and photons. Let me explain two key features of quantum computers that make them unique.

The first is superposition. While regular computers represent information as either 0 or 1, quantum computers can represent information as both 0 and 1 simultaneously. This is called superposition, and it allows quantum computers to perform many calculations at once, resulting in incredibly fast computation. This parallel processing capability enables quantum computers to handle large datasets and complex problems with very high efficiency.

The second feature is quantum entanglement. Quantum entanglement occurs when two or more very small particles are closely related, and even if they are

physically far apart, observing the state of one will immediately tell you the state of the other. This phenomenon has potential applications in technologies like quantum computing and quantum communication, making data transmission and computation more efficient.

One of the key challenges scientists are researching in this field is how to maintain the stability of quantum states. Quantum states are very delicate and can easily be disrupted by environmental factors. Researchers are working hard to find ways to keep quanta stable, which is essential for building reliable quantum computers.

There are various approaches to quantum computing, such as superconducting, atomic, and ionic methods. We are working on building quantum computers using "light", known as optical quantum computing. Quantum computers that use light can operate at room temperature and offer high-speed processing, providing significant advantages. They are also well-suited to the current 5G technology, which suggests that they may become more prevalent in the future.

I was drawn to this field of research by the potential of quantum computers to tackle previously unsolvable problems. I was fascinated by the idea of changing information processing dramatically through the unique properties of photon and quantum states. The possibility of innovative discoveries in fields like medicine and

security through the use of quantum computers excites me.

Moreover, the variety of this field is deeply appealing, as it combines physics, computer science, and engineering to create cutting-edge technology. The opportunity to work at the frontiers of innovation and contribute to a transformative change in computing motivates me. Additionally, the collaborative spirit among researchers in this field inspires me to be a part of a community working towards a common goal: using quantum technology to benefit humanity. This field is exciting and rewarding because it has the potential to make a big impact worldwide.

Quantum computers have the potential to change the world across various fields over the next 10 to 20 years. In medicine, they could accelerate the development of new drugs and treatments, contributing to medical innovation. In security, they could advance data protection through stronger encryption technologies. In optimization, they may lead to increased efficiency and cost savings across different industries. Additionally, applications could expand in fields such as artificial intelligence (AI), climate science, and finance.

Quantum computers are an exciting and rapidly growing area of technology. Scientists and engineers are working hard to overcome challenges such as qubit stability and scalability. As quantum computers continue to advance, they may become a part of our daily lives and help solve complex problems more efficiently, leading to

profound changes in the way we think, live, and work.

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Tools I used for this essay

This essay was written with “DeepL” and “Grammarly”. I used “DeepL” to find better English expressions. I used “Grammarly” to check the spelling and grammar of the essay.